

## The Standard

ESTABLISHED 1876.

An Independent Newspaper, published every evening except Sunday, without a motto or a club.

PLACE W. H. WATTIS IN CHARGE

Monday the Weber club elects officers. At this annual meeting, during which the club members possess the power to change the regular order of things, a motion was made to place W. H. Wattis in a commanding position for the next three years, with the object of having him elaborate and carry out plans for the exposition in 1919. He is the one man for the big task.

## PROTECTING THE BIRDS.

The department of agriculture has received inquiries from sportsmen in various parts of the United States as to the effect of the ratification of the treaty between the United States and Great Britain in reference to migratory birds upon the "migratory bird act of 1913," and the regulations issued thereunder. In response, the department has made the following public announcement:

In the opinion of the department, the migratory bird act and regulations are still in force; also these will continue in operation, and the department regards it as its duty to enforce them, pending the enactment by congress of new legislation for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the treaty.

## TRACING THE PEACE NOTE LEAK.

Political capital is being manufactured by this "leak" sensation, which is the all-absorbing subject of investigation in Washington. Congressman Wood of Indiana is leading in the disclosures which so far are based on what in every-day affairs would be termed scandal gossip, but is known as hearsay in the congressional discussion.

The "leak" should be traced, but up to the present the evidence offered has been of the flimsiest, seemingly dictated by an attempt at party advantage and without any earnest desire to serve the purposes of good government.

On the day following the giving out of the peace message, the Standard editorially commented on the evidence to be found in the stock market of a leak. That there was advance information in the hands of the manipulators was clearly shown, but that does not mean Wilson's message was an innumerable ways by which the secrecy of the peace note could have been broken without anyone being dishonorably involved. In transmitting the message to Europe, the opportunity for a leak was multiplied to large proportions.

It will be interesting though to know just how the carefully handled document found the "underground" to Wall street.

## COMING SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

On Monday, the Utah legislature will be in session in Salt Lake, and the Democracy of the state will be face to face with the platform pledges of the party, calling for enactment into law.

An overwhelmingly majority of both houses will be Democrats and back of them will be a Democratic governor. There will be no excuse, if the party fails in its obligations to the people.

It is to be expected there will be influences at work to sway the weak and vacillating from duty, but no pressure should be great enough to make any serious inroads on the majority.

Democracy must stand on principle, if it is to hold the confidence of the voters. The day is at hand when the honest politician is winning respect. Johnson in California and LaFollette in Wisconsin are two men who have been honored above all other men in their states, and they have won distinction by inspiring the people with confidence in their honesty of purpose and devotion to the common good.

Opinion in Utah is on the side of the "progressives," and the men who have the genius to give expression to that sentiment will hold control over a long period and be able to rally around them the very best in Utah.

## EMBARRASSED BY THE IRISH QUESTION.

With all the other great strains which are upon Great Britain, the Irish question continues to demand attention, and the English papers are urging action calculated to restore a friendly relationship with the Emerald Isle. The London Observer, with keen understanding, points out how the estrangement is handicapping the British empire in the great war.

"Ireland is not the Achilles' heel of the Empire in the present struggle, but for all political purposes it is a diseased spot which cannot be allowed to fester while government confuses itself impotent to attempt a remedy. From the new administration, despite the unduly conventional Unionist element it contains, the country firmly expects healing statesmanship. We say this very emphatically, because every day proves more clearly that in the Irish question we are dealing not with a domestic issue which can be indefinitely adjourned without sensible detriment to our arms and profound moral prejudice to our cause,

but with one of the most urgent of all war questions. "Serving at an age which might well exempt him from military toil and danger, but entitles him to address on terms of moral equality at the least any minister on the treasury bench and any audience in the country, that gallant and lovable Irishman, Major Willie Redmond, made in the House of Commons the other night a speech which not only moved all hearts, but, still better, stirred many minds to fresh purpose. In that speech, as staunch and heartening in the common cause as could be made by any soldier of the Allies, he told how men of the Green and men of the Orange are fighting and dying together, pouring out blood of the same color and showing the common courage of the land that bore them. Many an Orangeman and many a Nationalist who has fallen has had in mind as earthly sight faded away a vision of home among the same villages, the same fields. It is tragic beyond telling that their people at home should be divided by the old political feuds and that while men of the Green and Orange fight with equal loyalty for a common cause at the front, their own country is rent asunder. If we reflect on this we shall perceive that there are few things sadder in the whole of history. In all the long pain of Ireland's centuries despite the immense amount that has been done by practical measures during the last fifty years to mend ancient wrongs, here is now the iron that enters most sharply to the quick of the soul.

"Yet, still, Ireland is perversely irritated by such minor things as the attempt to keep for London on a technical plea the pictures that Sir Hugh Lane, by the testimony of his own sister meant to go to Dublin. And still to take larger things all the good that Nationalist Irishmen do for the common cause is overlooked or little marked by the malign stupidity of common politicians, while every positive misdeed of the Sinn Feiners, every exhibition of hostility or sign of indifference shown by the perplexed and sullen part of the population is magnified and cried up as though there were nothing to be set against it. "This is a miserable situation which every politician worth his salt ought to resolve to improve, no matter what the difficulties. We have learned this week that in Australia Mr. Hughes' proposal for conscription was just beaten by the casting vote of the Irish Nationalist electors, though these at the beginning of the struggle were as enthusiastic as any. In the United States Irish feeling since the Sinn Fein troubles and the fiasco of the subsequent attempt at settlement, has poured a good deal of cold water into the wine of pro-Ally sentiment. The same adverse factor will work in other connections if nothing is done."

## LOCAL IRON WORKS HAVE BRIGHT FUTURE

One of the industries in Ogden which is building to a great size is the Ogden Iron works. By this time next year, the plant should be one the largest in Utah.

The manager says the company has orders three months ahead and the shops are working at capacity. The plans provide for machinery with which heavy pieces and smaller parts of sugar factories can be turned out, and much mining equipment is to be manufactured.

There is a possibility of the iron works giving employment to as many men as at present find a livelihood in the largest industrial institutions in this city.

## ROCK ISLAND SUIT TO END

## Offer of Settlement to Be Presented U. S. District Judge for Approval.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Prospects of a speedy settlement of the Amstar committee suit for \$7,500,000 against the directors of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railway were seen today in the announcement that two of the directors, Daniel G. Reid and William H. Moore, would offer to purchase at par \$5,000,000 worth of the road's preferred stock.

It was reported that the offer of the settlement would be presented to Judge George A. Carpenter of the United States district court next Tuesday for approval, the road being in the hands of a receiver appointed by him and it was declared that the two directors had assumed all the obligations of the board.

The 6 per cent stock has been quoted at 75 and the purchase at par would involve a loss of \$2,500,000 in addition to which the report said the two would pay \$500,000 and costs aggregating \$250,000 making a total of \$3,250,000.

Jacob M. Dickinson, receiver of the road, said today that he had not been advised of the reported plan of settlement.

## FOOD PROBLEM GROWS SERIOUS

## Resolutions Adopted in Germany to Prevent Producers From Withholding Supplies.

London, Jan. 6, 5:50 a. m.—A discussion of the food problem in the Berlin municipal council is described in a dispatch to Reuters from Berlin by way of Amsterdam. At the end of the discussion two resolutions were adopted, the first introduced by the Socialists demanding uniform distribution of food in the towns and in the country and the adoption of steps to prevent producers from withholding supplies in order to increase their profits. The second resolution was offered by the Liberals and condemned



Telegraph messenger boys in New York city have organized.

Philadelphia jewelry workers claim a 10 per cent. organization.

Japan has enacted social insurance for its industrial workers.

Women are employed as brakemen on passenger train in England.

Several of the Mexican States have enacted eight-hour-a-day legislation.

Newspaper pressmen at Edmonton, Canada, have secured an increase in pay.

Springfield (Ohio) bartenders have received a minimum wage of \$16 a week.

Sweden employs over 30,000 women in her clothing and leather industries.

Alaska has an eight-hour day for workers in coke ovens.

Civil-service retirement legislation is in force in Persia.

Of 17,000 persons engaged in agriculture in Canada less than 900 are females.

Blacksmiths employed on Canadian Government railroads get \$16 an hour.

Plasterers at San Antonio, Texas, now receive \$7 a day.

An increase of 10 per cent. has been granted 9,800 miners in West Virginia.

Seattle (Wash.) milk drivers will be permitted to make daylight deliveries.

A determined effort is to be made to organize bricklayers and masons throughout Canada.

Building laborers at Denver, Colo., have received a second increase of 25 cents a day since January 1.

There are now 264 war savings associations in England and Wales.

City of London police force has since the war been reduced from 117 to 830.

City employees at Kaukauna, Wis., have secured a nine-hour day without reduction of pay.

A labor temple is projected by the Bismarck (Neb.) Central Trades and Labor Council.

Carpenters at Port Arthur, Tex., will ask for increased pay, to take effect January 1, 1917. An effort is being made to effect an organization of newboys at Houston, Texas.

Woodcarvers at Detroit, Mich., ask an increase of 5 cents an hour, effective January 1, 1917.

In 1897 Molders' International Union had 12,000 members. The present membership is 50,000.

Italian miners in Charlestown, Can., have quit their employment to work in munition factories.

Of the 17,354 Mexicans who came across the border during 1916, no less than 473 were returned; over 5 per cent.

Wagon in lumber camps in the Lake Superior region are starting in at least 10 a month ahead of last year.

In 1906 holding engineers at Boston, Mass., were paid \$16 for a 24-hour week. They now earn \$25.50 a week of 48 hours.

Every glassblower in Danville, Ill., has joined the union of that craft, recently organized in this country.

More than 190 people received employment through the aid of the New York city office of the State Bureau of Employment during October.

Cleveland Hungarian Typographical Union has secured the adoption of a new scale, which carries a flat increase of \$1 per week in the minimum pay.

A scheme to secure a change in the control and administration of the Labor Exchange in England has been put forward by the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners.

## THE EXISTING RESTRICTIONS ON THE BUYING OF SUPPLIES BY TOWNS.

Herr Wuern, a Socialist, attacked Adolf von Batsch, president of the food regulation board, whose latest circular he described as a complete confession of the impotence of the state before the farmer. He added that even Field Marshal von Hindenburg's appeal to the producers had been useless. Burgomaster Wermuth spoke pessimistically of Berlin's supplies and said that the official distribution officers had failed to regulate satisfactorily the distribution of butter and milk. He said that supplies continually decline and had become alarmingly low and that the potato situation would be unsatisfactory until February 15. Worst of all, the burgomaster said, were the fluctuations in the various systems, which prevented communities from co-operating successfully.

## GREAT BRITAIN TO MAKE BIG LOAN

London, Jan. 6, 4:14 a. m.—The morning papers, detailing the preparations for the forthcoming loan, which will be of unlimited amount, say that the conversion right will necessitate the sending out of circulars to the holders of the last loans and of exchequer bonds and treasury bills. This will mean a total of about 20,000,000 documents, as there will be about sixty different kinds of application forms. The operation will consume about 500 tons of paper and will probably cost 15,000 pounds.

## SCIENTISTS FIND NEW SUBSTANCE

## Located in Base of Brain and Produces Growth of Human Body.

Berkeley, Cal., Jan. 6.—Scientists at the University of California have discovered the substance that produces growth in the human body, it was announced today. Teichelin is what they call it; it is located in the pituitary body at the base of the brain and by retarding or accelerating its functions it may be possible, according to the Berkeley scientists, to control the stature of human beings.

Announcement of the discovery was made by Dr. T. B. Robertson, profes-

## sor of biochemistry, who said that he had succeeded in isolating tetelin and that he believed that it was the first time in the history of biological science that it had been done.

Dr. Robertson said that his experiments covered a period of four years and that the ultimate importance of the discovery made by him and his associates could not be estimated at this time.

## GERMAN EMPEROR ISSUES AN ORDER

## Army and Navy to Continue War With Hearts of Steel.

Amsterdam, via London, Jan. 6, 6:45 a. m.—A Berlin telegram says that the following order of the German emperor to the army and navy has been officially published:

"Conjointly with the allied (central powers) rulers I proposed to our enemies to enter forthwith into peace negotiations. Our enemies refused my offer. Their hunger for power desires Germany's destruction. The war will be continued. Before God and humanity I declare that on the governments of our enemies alone falls the heavy responsibility for all the further terrible sacrifices from which I wished to save you.

"With justified indignation at our enemies' arrogant crime and with determination to defend our holiest possessions and secure for the fatherland a happy future you will become as steel. Our enemies did not want the understanding offered by us. With God's help our arms will enforce it."

## WEATHER FORECAST FOR COMING WEEK

Washington, Jan. 6.—Weather predictions for the week beginning Sunday, issued by the weather bureau today, are:

West Gulf states—Generally fair; temperature near seasonal normal. Plains states and upper and middle Mississippi valleys—Generally fair; temperatures near seasonal normal in south, but below normal in north. Rocky mountain and plateau regions—Generally fair except frequent local rains probable in northern Rocky mountain region; temperature near seasonal normal. Pacific states—Frequent rains in

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A Real Selling Sensation That Will Make Hundreds of Permanent Customers for McIntyre's.

## 2 FOR 1 ONE DAY SALE ONLY PAY FOR ONE ARTICLE AND GET TWO

## A Wonderful Demonstration of This Store's Ability to Undersell

In this sale there is no charge for the second article—IT'S FREE—the amount you spend is the amount you save. Two of any of these Advertised Specials for the regular price of one.



25c Bottle of Armour's Grape Juice for Nothing Pay 25c, the regular price of one full-pint bottle and get another bottle of the same size for nothing—Monday only.

1.50 Hot Water Bottles—2 qt. size 2 for 1.50 GUARANTEED 50c McIntyre's Quinine Tonic

25c MINTYRE'S ALMOND CREAM	2 FOR 25c
10c WASH CLOTHS—EXTRA HEAVY	2 FOR 10c
50c ZIORA MOUTH WASH	2 FOR 50c
50c ZILANO TOOTH PASTE	2 FOR 50c
50c MARY FACE POWDER	2 FOR 50c
25c MINTYRE'S COLD TABLETS	2 FOR 25c
25c PENSILAR TOOTH PASTE	2 FOR 25c
25c TOOTH BRUSHES	2 FOR 25c
25c HAND OR NAIL BRUSHES	2 FOR 25c
75c PARISIAN IVORY HAIR RE-CEIVER AND PUFF BOXES	2 FOR 75c
25c PENSILAR VANISHING CREAM	2 FOR 25c
25c MINTYRE'S HEADACHE TABLETS	2 FOR 25c
50c STEARNS' FRECKLE PASTE	2 FOR 50c
25c BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT	2 FOR 25c
25c VANDOME ROUGE	2 FOR 25c

25c NINETTA FACE POWDER	2 FOR 25c
25c MINTYRE'S FOOTSOE POWDER	2 FOR 25c
50c PENSILAR TOILET WATER	2 FOR 50c
10c PALM OLIVE SOAP—Limit Two Bars to a Customer	2 FOR 10c
5c CRYSTAL WHITE SOAP—Limit Two Bars to a Customer	2 FOR 5c
50c Rankin's Cedar Oil Compound—FULL QUARTS.	2 FOR 50c
10c EPSOM SALTS	2 FOR 10c
25c PENSILAR TALCUM POWDER	2 FOR 25c
\$1.00 NO. 2 FOUNTAIN SYRINGES, Complete	2 FOR \$1.00
25c VELVET POWDER	2 FOR 25c
15c PUFFS	2 FOR 15c
50c BATH BRUSH, Detachable Handle	2 FOR 50c

A 25c Tin Pompeian Olive Oil for Nothing Pay the regular price of one half-pint tin—25c and receive another tin absolutely free—Monday only.



25c PENSILAR WHITE PINE AND SPRUCE	2 FOR 25c
25c PENSILAR HEADACHE WAFERS	2 FOR 25c
25c DOZEN BAYER'S ASPIRIN TABLETS	2 FOR 25c
25c RED CROSS BABY TALCUM	2 FOR 25c
\$1.00 HAIR BRUSHES	2 FOR \$1.00
35c DRESSING COMBS	2 FOR 35c

While quantity lasts not more than two of each item will be sold to a customer. No phone orders filled. None Delivered unless sent with other purchases—and no goods sold to dealers. Sale for Monday, one day only.

## FREE SILVERWARE COUPONS WITH EACH 25c PURCHASE

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## A. R. McIntyre Drug Co. THE GREAT PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

Washington, Oregon and extreme northern California. Generally fair in southern and central California. Temperature near seasonal normal.

## WOULD ABOLISH DIRECT PRIMARY

## Harvard Professor Claims Primaries Just One Dose Too Much for Voter.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Abolition of direct primaries and substitution of the preferential ballot system was advocated by Professor Lewis J. Johnson of Harvard in an address today before the National Popular Government League.

"Primaries," he said, "are just one more dose of politics than the voter without an axe to grind cares to put up with. By using the Bucklen system of preferential voting the usual regular election can be made to do

the work of both the primary and the regular election combined and to do it better. We can dispense root and branch with the primary and the turmoil, expense and danger which it involves."

Charles E. Russell, writer and editor, explained how the Farmers' Non-Partisan Political league had been organized in North and South Dakota to combat legislation inimical to farmers' interests and had succeeded in electing more state officers that both parties whom it endorsed.

## NORWEGIAN STEAMER FAMA IS DESTROYED

London, Jan. 6, 11:21 a. m.—The Norwegian steamer Fama is believed to have been sunk, Lloyd's Shipping agency announces. The Norwegian steamer Erica, erroneously reported sunk, has arrived in port, says another Lloyd's announcement.

The steamer Fama of 1532 tons net sailed from Portland, Me., on December 8 for Marseilles, putting in at Sydney, C. B., on December 11, with a

broken bulkhead and resuming her voyage on December 21.

## ENORMOUS TONNAGE PRODUCED IN U. S.

Washington, Jan. 6.—American shipyards in 1916 put out a tonnage exceeded but twice before. A bureau of navigation statement today shows the construction of 1,163 merchant vessels with a tonnage of 530,847 and fifty vessels of forty thousand tons for foreign flags. In 1908 the tonnage produced was 614,000 and in 1855, when the American merchant marine was the largest in the world, American yards turned out 530,000 tons of wooden ships.

Reports show that the United States is leading the world in ship building, except Great Britain and that American yards are close behind the British.

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